Involvement of Heparanase in the Pathogenesis of Acute Pancreatitis: Implication of novel Therapeutic Approaches

Aspirlose (mono-ester)

Chemical Formula: C₂₁H₂₈O₁₄ Exact Mass: 504.15 Molecular Weight: 504.44 m/z: 504.15 (100.0%), 505.15 (23.6%), 506.15 (5.3%) Elemental Analysis: C, 50.00; H, 5.60; O, 44.40

OH OH OH OH OH

Aspirlose (di-ester)

 $\label{eq:chemical Formula: C} Chemical Formula: $C_{30}H_{34}O_{17}$$ Exact Mass: 666.18 $$ Molecular Weight: 666.59$$ m/z: 666.18 (100.0%), 667.18 (33.1%), 668.19 (5.4%), 668.18 (3.5%), 669.19 (1.7%) $$ Elemental Analysis: $C, 54.06; H, 5.14; O, 40.80$$$

Figure S1. Chemical structure of Aspirlose as mono-ester and dimer-ester forms.