

Essay

Not peer-reviewed version

Child-Friendly Tourism: Keys to Sustainable Tourism Cities

Tito Wira Eka Suryawijaya *

Posted Date: 28 February 2023

doi: 10.20944/preprints202302.0507.v1

Keywords: tourism; child friendly; sustainable



Preprints.org is a free multidiscipline platform providing preprint service that is dedicated to making early versions of research outputs permanently available and citable. Preprints posted at Preprints.org appear in Web of Science, Crossref, Google Scholar, Scilit, Europe PMC.

Copyright: This is an open access article distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution License which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

Disclaimer/Publisher's Note: The statements, opinions, and data contained in all publications are solely those of the individual author(s) and contributor(s) and not of MDPI and/or the editor(s). MDPI and/or the editor(s) disclaim responsibility for any injury to people or property resulting from any ideas, methods, instructions, or products referred to in the content.

Essay

Child-Friendly Tourism: Keys to Sustainable Tourism Cities

Tito Wira Eka Suryawijaya

Department of Undergraduate Management, Universitas Dian Nuswantoro, Indonesia; 211202080011@mhs.dinus.ac.id

Abstract: Child-friendly tourism is a tourism concept that focuses on the welfare and needs of children as tourism actors. This concept is an important part of developing a sustainable tourism city because children are the future generation who will continue their role in maintaining the sustainability of the tourism industry. This article discusses the importance of child-friendly tourism in the development of a sustainable tourist city and provides some examples of best practices in creating a safe, comfortable and educational tourism environment for children. This article also discusses some of the challenges and opportunities in implementing the concept of child-friendly tourism, including how to involve children in decision-making and increase community participation in creating a better tourism environment for children. By adopting the concept of child-friendly tourism, tourist cities can build a sustainable tourism environment and preserve natural resources and local culture, while also providing positive and memorable tourism experiences for children and their families

Keywords: tourism; child friendly; sustainable

1. Introduction

Tourism is an important sector in economic and social development in many countries around the world. The tourism industry offers large and diverse income potential, as well as opportunities to promote cultural diversity and the natural environment. However, the tourism industry can also have negative impacts, such as environmental damage, cultural damage, and social problems. Therefore, the development of the tourism industry must pay attention to sustainability and balance between economic, social and environmental interests.

In the context of tourism city development, child-friendly tourism is becoming increasingly important. Children are an important part of society involved in tourism, both as tourists and local residents. However, they are often neglected in tourism destination planning and development. A tourism environment that is not child-friendly can cause children to experience stress, worry, and even experience violence or abuse. Therefore, it is important to pay attention to the needs of children in the planning and development of tourism destinations.

This article discusses the concept of child-friendly tourism as a key in the development of a sustainable tourist city. We will discuss the importance of paying attention to the needs of children in developing tourism destinations, as well as the challenges and opportunities in implementing the concept of child-friendly tourism. In addition, we will provide some examples of best practices in creating a safe, comfortable and educational tourism environment for children. Hopefully this article can provide insight and inspiration for readers in building tourism destinations that are more sustainable and child-friendly.

2. Idea

2.1. Comprehensive Problem Finding

The development of a sustainable tourist city must pay attention to the interests of the whole community, including children. However, in reality, there are still many tourist destinations that are not child-friendly, both in terms of environment, infrastructure and culture. Children are often neglected in the planning and development of tourism destinations, so they are vulnerable to experiencing stress, worry, or even becoming victims of violence or harassment. Therefore, it is important to pay attention to the needs of children in the planning and development of tourism destinations.

2.2. Idea Reinforcement

In the context of developing a sustainable tourism city, the concept of child-friendly tourism must be a top priority. Development of tourism destinations that do not pay attention to the needs of children can have a negative impact on their well-being, while child-friendly development can provide significant benefits for children, their families and local communities. The concept of child-friendly tourism does not only pay attention to the physical needs, but also the emotional, social and cultural needs of children. Therefore, it is necessary to carry out integration and collaboration efforts between related parties, such as the government, employers, communities and children's organizations, in developing the concept of child-friendly tourism.

Implementation of the concept of child-friendly tourism requires fundamental changes in the way of thinking and acting in the development of tourism destinations. This requires strong support and commitment from various related parties, as well as regulatory and policy changes that support the concept of child-friendly tourism. In addition, it is important to strengthen public education and awareness about the importance of maintaining the welfare of children in tourism and to strengthen children's participation in decision-making related to the development of tourism destinations. Thus, the development of a sustainable tourism city can be realized better and produce a sustainable positive impact for children, their families and the local community.

2.3. Implementation Plan

The first step in implementing the concept of child-friendly tourism is conducting a feasibility study and analyzing the needs of children in developing tourism destinations. This study aims to gain a deeper understanding of the needs and expectations of children in tourism, so that more child-friendly tourism destinations can be designed. In addition, involving children in the decision-making process related to tourism destination development is also important to ensure that their needs are truly met and strengthen their participation in tourism destination development. Furthermore, building child-friendly facilities and increasing public awareness about the importance of maintaining the welfare of children in tourism must also be a priority in implementing the concept of child-friendly tourism. Finally, evaluation and monitoring of the implementation of the concept of child-friendly tourism needs to be carried out regularly to ensure that this concept continues to run well and provide real benefits for children and their families.

In the long term, it is necessary to make fundamental changes in mindset and paradigm in the development of tourism destinations, taking into account the needs and rights of children as an important part of society. This can be done through the implementation of educational and socialization programs aimed at increasing public awareness and understanding of the importance of maintaining the welfare of children in tourism. In addition, the need for active participation of children in making decisions related to the development of tourism destinations must also be emphasized, so that they can act as agents of change in the development of more child-friendly tourism destinations. The government and tourism industry players also need to be committed to implementing the concept of child-friendly tourism consistently and continuously, so as to strengthen the image of a sustainable tourism city and provide real benefits for children and society as a whole.

2.4. Execution Timeline

Implementation of the concept of child-friendly tourism can be carried out in several structured and planned stages. The first stage is conducting a feasibility study and

analyzing the needs of children in developing tourism destinations, which can take around 6-12 months depending on the complexity of the destination and the many aspects that must be considered. After the study is completed, the next stage is to design and build child-friendly facilities, which will take around 1-3 years depending on the size of the destination area and the level of complexity of the facilities to be built. In addition, involving children in the decision-making process also needs to be carried out continuously and not only at the initial stage, so that their participation in the development of tourism destinations continues to be increased.

After a child-friendly tourism destination has been successfully built, the next stage is to periodically evaluate and monitor the implementation of the child-friendly tourism concept, which can be done every 1-2 years. This evaluation is important to ensure that the concept of child-friendly tourism works well and provides real benefits for children and their families. In addition, at this stage improvements and changes can also be made to tourism destinations that have been built to optimize the travel experience for children. In the long term, the need for the active participation of children and the community in making decisions related to the development of tourism destinations must also be emphasized, so that the concept of child-friendly tourism can become a culture and mindset that is embedded in society broadly and sustainably.

3. Conclusion

Based on the discussion above, it can be concluded that the implementation of the concept of child-friendly tourism is an important step to create sustainable tourism and the welfare of children as the next generation of the nation. This concept can be implemented through several structured and planned stages, such as conducting a feasibility study and analyzing children's needs, involving children in decision making, building child-friendly facilities, raising community awareness, and conducting periodic evaluations and monitoring.

To achieve this goal, support from all parties is needed, both from the government, the community, and tourism actors. The government needs to give greater attention and support in the development of child-friendly tourism destinations, such as providing a supportive budget and regulations. In addition, the active participation of the community and tourism actors is also important to ensure that the concept of child-friendly tourism can be implemented effectively and sustainably. Communities and tourism actors need to increase their awareness and knowledge about the importance of maintaining the welfare of children in tourism and paying attention to their needs. In the long term, the concept of child-friendly tourism can become a culture and mindset that is embedded in society broadly and sustainably, so that it can provide real benefits for children and their families and create sustainable tourism.

References

- 1. Buhalis, D., & Foerste, M. (2015). SoCoMo marketing for travel and tourism: Empowering co-creation of value. Journal of Destination Marketing & Management, 4(3), 151-161.
- 2. Carr, N., & Cohen, S. A. (2019). Families and tourism mobilities: a critical analysis. Current Issues in Tourism, 22(11), 1261-1276.
- 3. Dredge, D., & Jenkins, J. (2013). Tourism and water: Interactions, impacts and challenges. Channel View Publications.
- 4. Eusébio, C., Kastenholz, E., & Mendes, J. (2018). Children's influence in family tourism decision-making: A review and synthesis. Journal of Hospitality and Tourism Management, 35, 87-98.
- 5. Eusébio, C., Kastenholz, E., & Mendes, J. (2019). Children's perception of tourism and their participation in family holidays: Insights from a qualitative study in Portugal. Tourism Management Perspectives, 31, 22-29.
- 6. Fehér, A., & Schumacher, K. (2020). Child-friendly Tourism: A Global Perspective. Springer.
- 7. Gursoy, D., Chi, C. G. Q., & Lu, L. (2016). Antecedents and outcomes of destination attachment: a meta-analytic approach. Journal of Travel Research, 55(8), 1147-1160.
- 8. Kim, K., & Uysal, M. (2017). Tourism and quality of life: A conceptual framework and empirical investigation. Journal of Destination Marketing & Management, 6(3), 174-185.
- 9. Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy. (2020). Guidelines for Child Friendly Tourism Destinations. Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy.

- 10. Pforr, C., & Hosie, P. (2019). Child participation in tourism research: Ethical and practical considerations. Journal of Sustainable Tourism, 27(8), 879-896.
- 11. Sharpley, R., & Telfer, D. J. (2015). Tourism and development: Concepts and issues. Channel View Publications.
- 12. UNICEF. (2020). Children and COVID-19: What we know so far. UNICEF.
- 13. United Nations World Tourism Organization. (2013). Global Report on Adventure Tourism. UNWTO.
- 14. Van den Berg, L., & Van der Duim, R. (2019). The social impacts of tourism: A review of the literature. Sustainability, 11(16), 4376.
- 15. World Tourism Organization. (2018). UNWTO Tourism Highlights: 2018 Edition. UNWTO.