Supplementary material to: Nanoparticle behaviour in an urban street canyon at different heights and implications on indoor respiratory doses

Maurizio Manigrasso 1*, Carmela Protano 2, Matteo Vitali 2 and Pasquale Avino 3

1 Department of Technological Innovations, INAIL, Rome, Italy; m.manigrasso@inail.it
2 Department of Public Health and Infectious Diseases, Sapienza University of Rome, Rome, Italy; carmela.protano@uniroma1.it; matteo.vitali@uniroma1.it
3 Department of Agricultural, Environmental and Food Sciences (DiAAA), University of Molise, Campobasso, Italy; avino@unimol.it

* Correspondence: m.manigrasso@inail.it

Figure S1. Infiltration factors ($F_{in}$) estimated by interpolation of the average $F_{in}$ measured by Bennett and Koutrakis [30]. For aerodynamic diameters (0.01-0.02 µm) outside the authors' measurement range the $F_{in}$ value of 0.02 µm particles was adopted.
Figure S2. Atmospheric pressure, Temperature, Relative humidity, wind speed and wind direction throughout the aerosol measurements (averaging time 5 min).