

Brief Report

Not peer-reviewed version

Mesofractal Modeling of Biosystems & Organic Spintronics

[Widastra Hidajatullah Maksoed](#)*

Posted Date: 6 August 2024

doi: 10.20944/preprints202408.0313.v1

Keywords: meso fractals. molecular spintronics; optical engine; control system; [PI(D)]



Preprints.org is a free multidiscipline platform providing preprint service that is dedicated to making early versions of research outputs permanently available and citable. Preprints posted at Preprints.org appear in Web of Science, Crossref, Google Scholar, Scilit, Europe PMC.

Copyright: This is an open access article distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution License which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

Brief Report

Mesofractal Modeling of Biosystems & Organic Spintronics

Widastra Hidajatullah Maksoed ^{1,2}

¹ University of Indonesia, Depok 16424- INDONESIA: hidajatullahmaksoed@gmail.com

² The Meso Fractals Initiative, Bandung 40122 - INDONESIA

Abstract: Mesoscopic modeling of complex system involve thermodynamic nonequilibrium of discrete scaling. Furthers from quantum correlation on a chip retrieved quantum nonlinear optics with single photons enabled by strongly interacting atoms. Accompanied by mesofractals as development of meso & micro size fractal structures is required to mimic various biological systems for various functions. Showed through fluorapatite in gelatin-based nanocomposite, fractal in DNA knots driven by balance of fission & fusion in mtDNA/mitochondrial DNA mechanism, for optical engines for light energy detection described the proportional integral derivative [PI(D)]-controller set in microbial cells to HCCI/Homogeneous Charge Compression Ignition.

Keywords: meso fractals; molecular spintronics; optical engine; control system; [PI(D)]

Introduction

Mesoscopic modeling of complex systems involves thermodynamics nonequilibrium of discrete scaling of entropy reduction + fluctuation, nonlinear dynamics & complexity of self-organized spatio-temporal structure [1] . Electron exchange & electron- or photo-triggered electron exchange which are two central topics in related fields of molecular magnetism & molecular spintronics through control of an external (optical, redox and/or magnetic) properties in the use of several physics (spectroscopic, magnetic, electrochemical and/or photochemical)[2].

Obeys analytical studies of common mechanism of previously named “spinterface” have been forecasted through “mesoscopic physics of electrons & photons” from E. Ackermans & Gilles Montambaux of e.g. the ability to control spin polarization [3] coincides with electromechanical coupling effect between electric polarization & mechanical strain gradient [to mechanical disturbance that propagates in HF Olster, 1967]. Furthers from quantum correlation on a chip [Ranojoy Bose, *et.al.*, 2012] those were retrieved quantum linear optics with single photons enabled by strongly interacting atoms provided by Peyrone,there was to concludes above subject to mesoscopic entanglement [4].

Mesofractal and DNA

Accompanied by mesofractals as “development of meso & micro size fractal structures is required to mimic various biological systems for various functions. Meso & micro sized fractal are fabricated by several process in engineering”[5], where we have sought ‘mechanical stress mechanisms in the cell [6] flows & percolation accomplishes.

On extensive data sets of fractal fluctuations in Human DNA base CG concentration/10bp(base pairs), the predicted distribution is close to the Gaussian distribution for small-scale fluctuations, but exhibits *fat long tail* for large-scale fluctuations [7].Fractal in DNA knots driven by balance of fission & fusion in mitochondrialDNA.Fractal characteristics also depicted in fluorapatite gelatin-based nanocomposite.

Ever explained :“a useful concept for ecology & sustainability” of efficiency = $1 - [T(o)/T]$: “the principles of sustainability to human activities ultimately must result in the scrutiny of all sectors activity to asses the changes required to provide for a high quality of life for future generations”[8].

Organic Spintronics & PI(D)

Involve the CFD/Computational Fluid Dynamics and HCCI/Homogeneous Charge Compression Ignition, ever defined whereas “ignition model engine” popularly known as a model device diesel engine [9], retrieved the “Laser Doppler Velocimetry/LDV” we intend to compare to Linear Variable Differential Transducer/LVDT includes sensor technology as well as to PVDF.polyvynilidene fluoride comprise giant fluxoelectric in α -phase of PVDF [10]. Further, we guided to properties depict by linear variable differential with PID/the proportional integral derivative [PI(D)]- controller are set in such a using test the best comparison between rising time, overshoot & setting time obtained in the motor response. [The control system being used on FTU Plant is formed by a PXI EC-based platform supervise to[11].

Also offered the spintronics using of “PI(D)-controller, from Microbial Cell to the Motor Response in Plasma Heating”, spintronics themselves involved in the study of active control & manipulation of spin degrees of freedom in solid-state system, we comprise in weight spin relaxation & dephasing are process that guides “equilibration”[12].

We intended to accomplish the HCCI quoted in two & three characters seems twin-compared Homogeneous Charge Compression Ignition viewed through IceCube Document Project held since Oct 11, 2001 ever concluded as “*saw none*” so they can be followed the ITER/International Thermonuclear Experiment Reactors to IFMIF/International Fusion Materials Irradiation Facilities.

Refer to “magnetic quantum-dot cellular automata which is nonvolatile & lower power consist of nanomagnets. Since they are magnetically coupled, logic can be performed by switching an input nanomagnet which causes a chain reaction of switching on the other element in a domino fashion”[13].

For disproportionation of H_2O_2 we also considers an electrokinetic mechanism they appears. So far, the more efficient micro/nanoscale motors are derived from biological systems [14]. Besides, a control experiment using three stripped Au/Pt/Au rods with catalyzed the composition of H_2O_2 are at similar rate” [15].

Conclusions

From a study of building meso fractals, the fractal & mesofractal application to organic spintronic if he related to PI(D) have been extended, at least ranging from DNA knots in mitochondrial fission & fusion mechanism, with some explanation to organic magnetism, quantum optics & optical engine.

References

1. Zhonghuai Hou: “Nonlinear Dynamics & Nonequilibrium Thermodynamics in Mesoscopic Chemical Systems”
2. Maria Castellano-Sanz: “Oxamato-based dicopper(II) metalla cyclophanes as Prototype of Magnetic Device for Molecular Spintronics”, Dissertation, 2013.
3. WJM Naber, Sanli Faez & WG van de Wiel: “**Organic Spintronics**”, arXiv:cond-mat/0703455v1[cond-mat.mes.hall], Marc 19, 2007.
4. Tudejo & Porras: “Mesoscopic entanglement induced by spontaneous emission in solid state quantum optics”, *PhysRevLett*, 110(?), 080502
5. Kale & Bhole: “Parametric analysis for forming meso fractals from nanoparticle seeded resin in Helle-Shaw cell”
6. Davies & Tripathi: “Mechanical stress mechanisms in the cell”
7. A. Mary Selvam: “Fractal Fluctuations & Statistical Normal Distributions”, manuscript
8. Kibert, Sendzimir & Guy: “**Construction ecology & metabolism**”, *CM&E*, vol 18, 2000
9. Marcin Frackowiak: “**Modelling & Diagnostic Study of Flow in an Optical Engine with Negative Valve Overlapping for HCCI**”, Dissertation (2009).
10. Xiaoning Jiang, *et.al*: “**Flexoelectric Nano-Generator: Materials, Structures & Devices**”, <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.nanoen.2013.09.001>
11. Claudio Destri: “**Evaluations of the High Density Plasma Heating through O-X2 mode...**”
12. I. Zutic, *et.al.*: “**Spintronics, Fundamental & Applications**”, arXiv:cond-mat/0405528v1 [cond-mat.other] 21 May 2005, p 19.

13. Angele Klemm: "Fabrication of Magnetic Tunnel Junction-based Spintronic Device"
14. M. Schliwa (*ed.*): "**Molecular Motors**", 2003
15. WF Paxton: "Catalytic Nanomotors", 2004

Disclaimer/Publisher's Note: The statements, opinions and data contained in all publications are solely those of the individual author(s) and contributor(s) and not of MDPI and/or the editor(s). MDPI and/or the editor(s) disclaim responsibility for any injury to people or property resulting from any ideas, methods, instructions or products referred to in the content.