

Supplementary Materials

for

PAM-independent Cas12a detection of specific LAMP products by targeting amplicon loops

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Table S1. The list of strains used in the study. VKM – All-Russian Collection of Microorganisms; DSMZ – German Collection of Microorganisms and Cell Cultures; VNIIF – Collection of the All-Russian Scientific Research Institute of Phytopathology. The abbreviations used to designate *Clavibacter* species are shown in parentheses.

Specie	Host	Origin	Collection	Strain Number
<i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (<i>Cs</i>)	potato	USA	VKM	Ac-2753
<i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i> (<i>Cs</i>)	potato	USA	VKM	Ac-1405
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> (<i>Cm</i>)	tomato	Zambia	VKM	Ac-1144
<i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> (<i>Cm</i>)	tomato	USA	VKM	Ac-1403
<i>Clavibacter phaseoli</i> (<i>Cp</i>)	common beans	Spain	VKM	Ac-2641
<i>Clavibacter insidiosus</i> (<i>Ci</i>)	alfalfa	USA	VKM	Ac-1402T
<i>Clavibacter nebraskensis</i> (<i>Cn</i>)	maize	USA	VKM	Ac-1404T
<i>Clavibacter tesselarius</i> (<i>Ct</i>)	wheat	USA	VKM	Ac-1406T
<i>Dickeya chrysanthemi</i>	<i>Chrysanthemum morifolium</i>	USA	DSMZ	DSM 4610
<i>Dickeya solani</i>	potato	Russia	VNIIF	1C3
<i>Pectobacterium versatile</i>	potato	Russia	VKM	B-3416
<i>Pectobacterium aquaticum</i>	potato	Russia	VKM	B-3417
<i>Pectobacterium polaris</i>	potato	Russia	VKM	B-3420
<i>Pectobacterium parmentieri</i>	potato	Russia	VKM	B-3423
<i>Pectobacterium carotovorum</i>	potato	Denmark	VKM	B-1247
<i>Pectobacterium brasiliensis</i>	potato	Russia	VKM	B-3424
<i>Pectobacterium brasiliensis</i>	potato	Russia	VKM	B-3425
<i>Pectobacterium odoriferum</i>	potato	Russia	VNIIF	1557
<i>Escherichia coli</i>	clinical isolate	USA	VKM	B-3034

Table S2. Sequences of DNA oligonucleotides used in the study. t_gRNA-B, t_gRNA-F-14, t_gRNA-F-16, t_gRNA-F-18, t_gRNA-F-20, and t_gRNA-F-22 – DNA templates for enzymatic synthesis of gRNAs. FAM – 6-carboxyfluorescein, ROX - carboxy-X-rhodamine, BHQ1 – Black Hole Quencher 1, BHQ2 – Black Hole Quencher 2.

Name	Sequence (5'→ 3')
FIP*	TCTGAGTCGGACGCGCTCCGTGTGGCGGAGGAGGAA
BIP*	CAAAGCGCCCTCCAGCTTCTACGGGTTATGCCCTC
F3*	ACCGTCTCCTTGATGGAGTG
B3*	GCCGAACCTCTGGGTGT
LF*	CGCATCATCGTCGAGAACGT
LB*	CAGGAGGCTCAGGAGCGAGA
t_gRNA-B	TCTCGCTCCTGAGCCTCCTGATCTACAAACAGTAGAAATTCCCCTAT AGTGAGTCGTATTA
t_gRNA-F-14	TGCGCACGTTCTCCATCTACAAACAGTAGAAATTCCCCTATAGTGA GTCGTATTA
t_gRNA-F-16	TGCGCACGTTCTCCACATCTACAAACAGTAGAAATTCCCCTATAGT GAGTCGTATTA
t_gRNA-F-18	TGCGCACGTTCTCCACGAATCTACAAACAGTAGAAATTCCCCTATA GTGAGTCGTATTA
t_gRNA-F-20	TGCGCACGTTCTCCACGATGATCTACAAACAGTAGAAATTCCCCTA TAGTGAGTCGTATTA
t_gRNA-F-22	TGCGCACGTTCTCCACGATGATATCTACAAACAGTAGAAATTCCCC TATAGTGAGTCGTATTA
T7P	TAATACGACTCACTATAGGG
FAM-MR	FAM-TTATT-BHQ1
ROX-MR-5	ROX-TTATT-BHQ2
ROX-MR-8	ROX-TTATTATT-BHQ2

* LAMP primers – inner primers FIP and BIP, outer primers F3 and B3, and loop primers LF and LB

Table S3. The arithmetic means of characteristic amplification time (t_c), the corresponding standard deviations, and the reciprocal of t_c ($1/t_c$) for LAMP of *Cs* genomic DNA both in absence and presence of potato DNA, based on results of 3 independent experiments. *p*-Values are provided for pairwise comparisons of t_c values in absence and presence of potato DNA. The *p*-values were calculated by the two-tailed Student's test (*t*-test), using the Microsoft Excel program package. The reciprocals of mean t_c value ($1/t_c$) are provided for convenience of discussion.

DNA load (genome copies per reaction)	no potato DNA		potato DNA (200 ng per LAMP reaction)		<i>p</i> -value
	t_c (min)	$1 / t_c$ (min ⁻¹)	mean t_c	$1 / t_c$ (min ⁻¹)	
10	20.2 ± 3.0	0.050 ± 0.007	21.4 ± 3.0	0.047 ± 0.008	0.667
100	16.7 ± 1.5	0.060 ± 0.005	17.5 ± 1.6	0.057 ± 0.006	0.555
1000	16.4 ± 1.2	0.061 ± 0.005	14.9 ± 1.0	0.067 ± 0.005	0.119
10000	14.2 ± 0.4	0.070 ± 0.002	14.0 ± 0.5	0.071 ± 0.003	0.657

Table S4. The results of examining DNA preparations extracted from potato tuber samples contaminated and not contaminated with *Cs* (strain Ac-1405) by real-time PCR and the LAMP/Cas12a detection system. The result of real-time PCR is presented as an average value of the cycle threshold (C_t) for duplicate measurements; the result of the LAMP/Cas12a detection is shown as positive (+) or negative (−), based on kinetics of FAM-MR-5 cleavage as in Fig. 2A. LAMP is conducted with a load of 200 ng of extracted DNA (1 μ L of DNA sample) for 30 min. Real-time PCR is carried out for 50 cycles, using the commercial kit for *Cs* detection. 5 μ L of DNA sample were loaded per PCR reaction as recommended by the kit manufacturer. The number of *Cs* genome copies per μ L of sample was determined with the standard curve provided by the manufacturer of the kit. ND – not defined.

Potato sample type	C_t	genome copies per μ L of DNA sample	LAMP/Cas12a detection
contaminated with <i>Cs</i>	26.6	25100	+
	30.0	2510	+
	33.6	251	+
	36.7	25	+
	40.2	2.5	−
not contaminated with <i>Cs</i>	ND	0	−
	ND	0	−
	ND	0	−

Table S5. The *p*-values of pairwise comparisons of V_0 values for *Cs* strains Ac-1405 and Ac-2753 with those for other tested strains of *Clavibacter* species. The *p*-values were calculated by the two-tailed Student's test (*t*-test), using the Microsoft Excel program package. The *p*-value above 0.05 is highlighted by red fonts.

<i>Cs</i>	gRNA	<i>Cn</i>	<i>Cm</i> Ac-1144	<i>Cm</i> Ac-1403	<i>Ci</i>	<i>Cp</i>	<i>Ct</i>
Ac-1405	gRNA-F-16	0.00094	0.00157	0.00087	0.00179	0.00233	0.00142
	gRNA-F-18	0.00006	0.00011	0.00003	0.00003	0.00004	0.00003
	gRNA-F-20	0.00003	0.00008	0.00009	0.00006	0.00009	0.00042
	gRNA-F-22	0.01923	0.00019	0.00074	0.00044	0.00031	0.00025
	gRNA-F-24	0.00842	0.00211	0.01437	0.01073	0.00899	0.01495
Ac-2753	gRNA-F-16	0.00184	0.00267	0.00167	0.00314	0.00375	0.00252
	gRNA-F-18	0.00073	0.00998	0.00039	0.00041	0.00034	0.00034
	gRNA-F-20	0.00003	0.00013	0.00015	0.00009	0.00015	0.00051
	gRNA-F-22	0.16421	0.00015	0.00044	0.00026	0.00017	0.00008
	gRNA-F-24	0.00241	0.00234	0.00616	0.00444	0.00287	0.00678

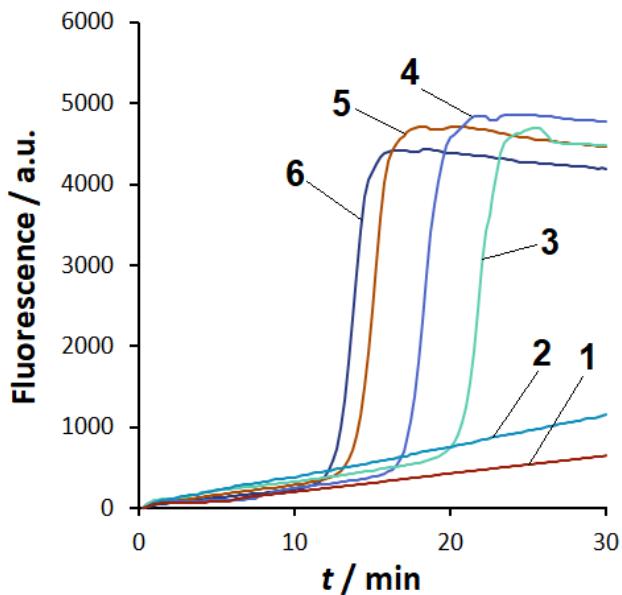


Figure S1. Representative amplification curves. LAMP is conducted with *Cs* genomic DNA (stain Ac-1405, Table S2) in the presence of 200 ng of potato DNA. Curve 1 – NTC (no template control), curves 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 – *Cs* DNA loads of 3.7 fg, 37 fg, 370 fg, 3.7 pg, and 37 pg per reaction, respectively (corresponds to 1, 10, 100, 1000, and 10000 copies of genome per reaction).

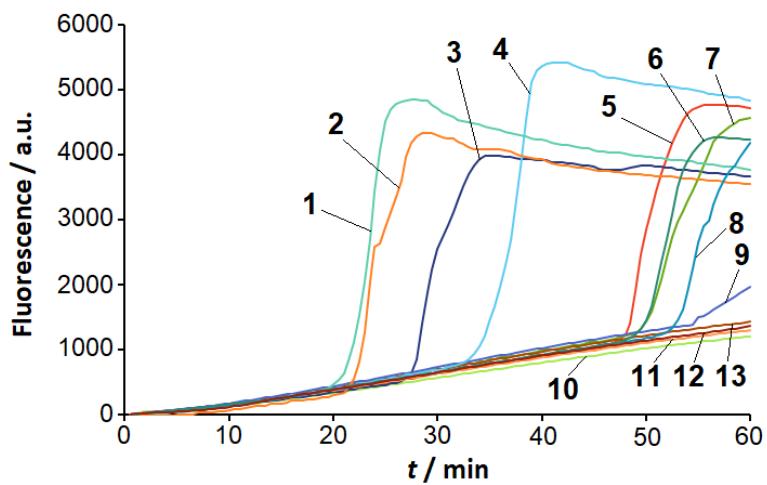


Figure S2. Representative amplification curves. LAMP is conducted with genomic DNA of *Clavibacter*, *Pectobacterium*, *Dickeya*, and *Escherichia* species (Table S2). Curves 1 and 2 – strains Ac-2753 and Ac-1405 of *Cs*, respectively, with DNA loads of 37 fg (10 copies of genome) per reaction; the curves are presented for reference purposes. Curves 3 to 13 – strains 1557, B-1247, B-3424, 1C3, B-3416, DSM 4610, B-3423, B-3034, B-3425, B-3420, and B-3417, respectively (Table S1); DNA loads of 37 pg per reaction.

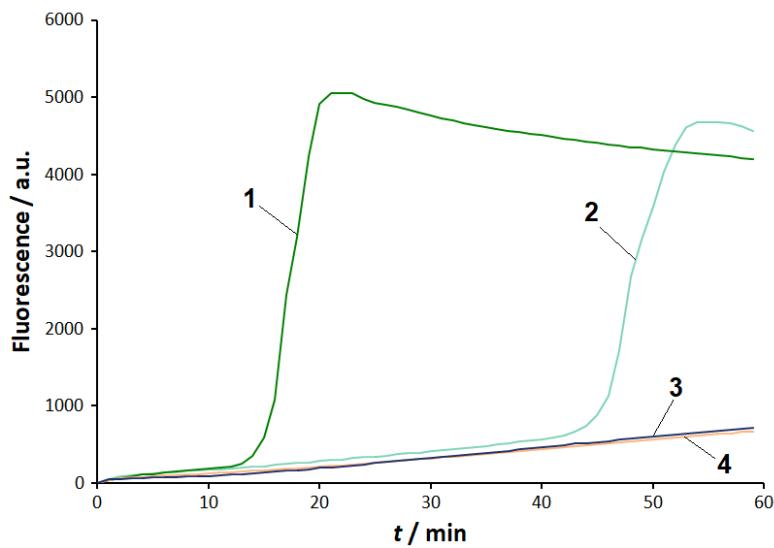


Figure S3. Representative amplification curves. LAMP is conducted with *Cs* genomic DNA (stain 2753, [Table S2](#)) with DNA load of 370 fg (100 copies of genome) per reaction. Curves 1 and 2 – LAMP in the presence and absence of loop primers, respectively; curves 3 and 4 – the corresponding NTCs (no template controls).

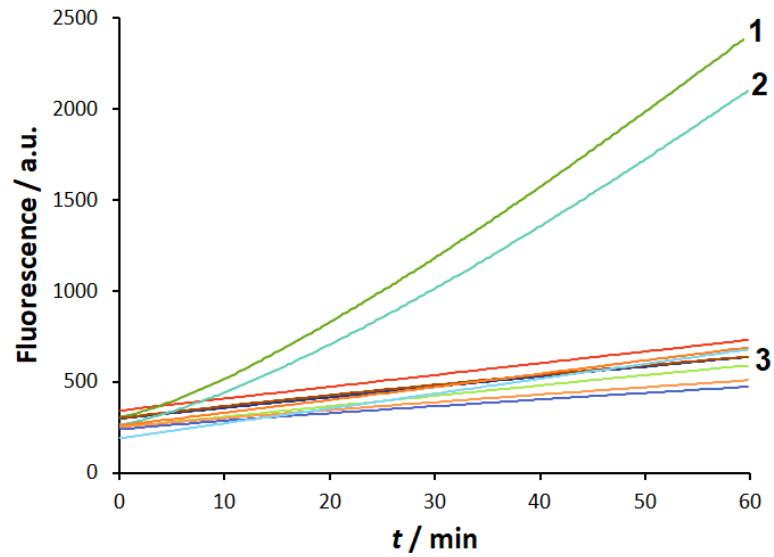


Figure S4. Representative kinetic curves of MR cleavage by the activated Cas12a nuclease. 50 μ L of Cas12a reaction mixture containing 60 nM of Cas12a/gRNA-F-16 complex, 1 μ M of FAM-MR, and 6 mM Mg^{2+} ions. Curves 1 and 2 – 1 μ L of the completed LAMP reaction with 37 fg of *Cs* genomic DNA per reaction (stains Ac-1405 and Ac-2753, [Table S2](#)), respectively. Curves marked by 3 represent experiments conducted with 1 μ L of the completed LAMP reaction with 37 fg of genomic DNA per reaction for other *Clavibacter* species tested ([Table S2](#)), as well for NTC LAMP and the control (LAMP buffer instead of completed LAMP reaction).

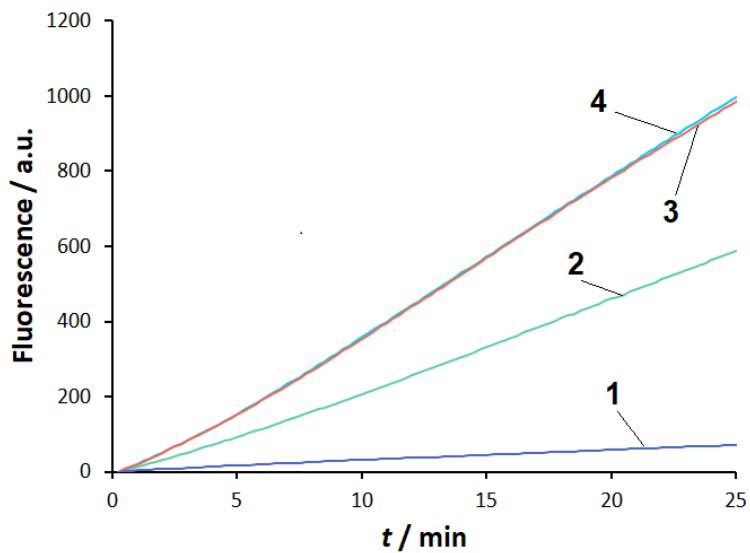


Figure S5. Representative kinetic curves of ROX-MR cleavage by the activated Cas12a nuclease. 10 μ L of the completed LAMP reaction with 37 fg of *Cs* genomic DNA (stain Ac-2753. [Table S2](#)) per reaction. 50 μ L of Cas12a reaction mixture containing 60 nM of Cas12a/gRNA-B complex, 1 μ M of ROX-MR-5 and various concentrations of Mg^{2+} ions. Curves 1, 2, 3, and 4 correspond to 6, 9, 12, and 18 mM of Mg^{2+} ions, respectively.

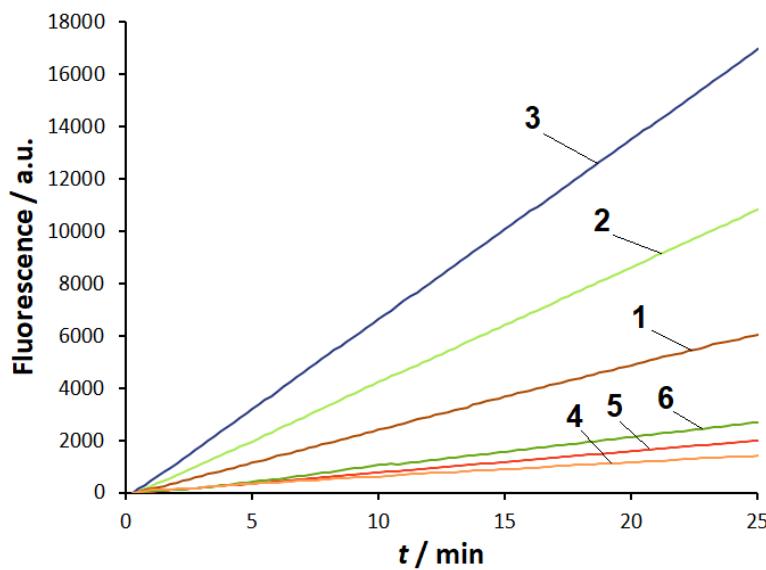


Figure S6. Representative kinetic curves of ROX-MR cleavage by the activated Cas12a nuclease. The conditions as in Fig. S5, except for that the concentration of Cas12a/gRNA-B complex varied, the concentration of Mg^{2+} ions was 18 mM, and the concentration of ROX-MR-5 was 18 μ M. Curves 1, 2, and 3 – 60, 120, and 180 nM of Cas12a/gRNA-B complex, respectively; curves 4, 5, and 6 – the corresponding controls.