

## *Supplementary Material*

# **UV Irradiation and Near Infrared Characterization of Laboratory Mars Soil Analog Samples: the case of Phthalic Acid, Adenosine 5'-Monophosphate, L-Glutamic Acid and L-Phenylalanine Adsorbed onto the Clay Mineral Montmorillonite in the presence of Magnesium Perchlorate**

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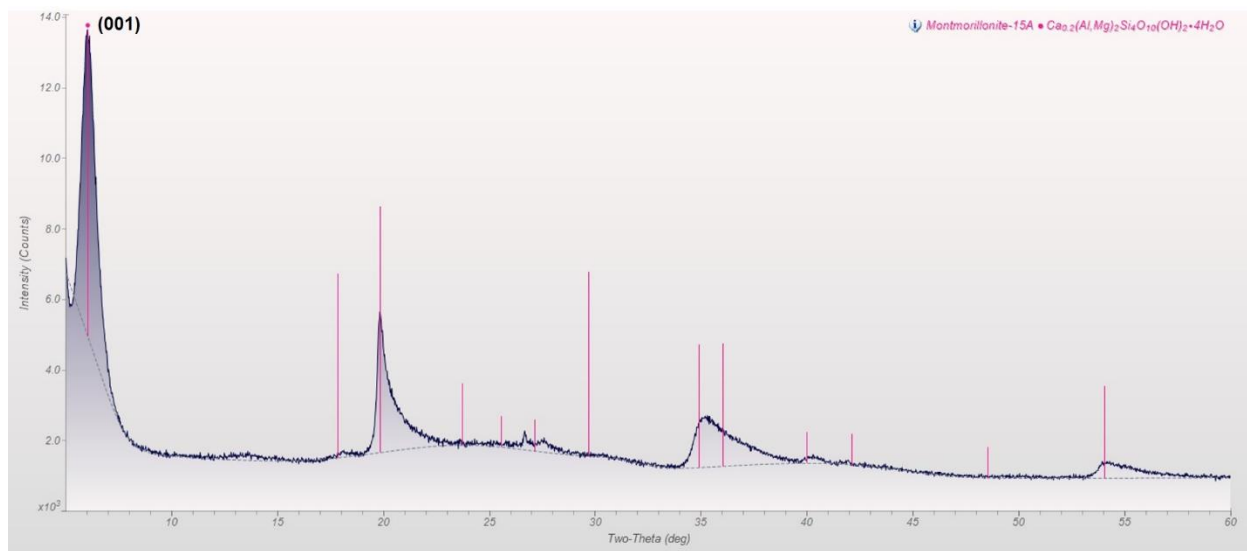
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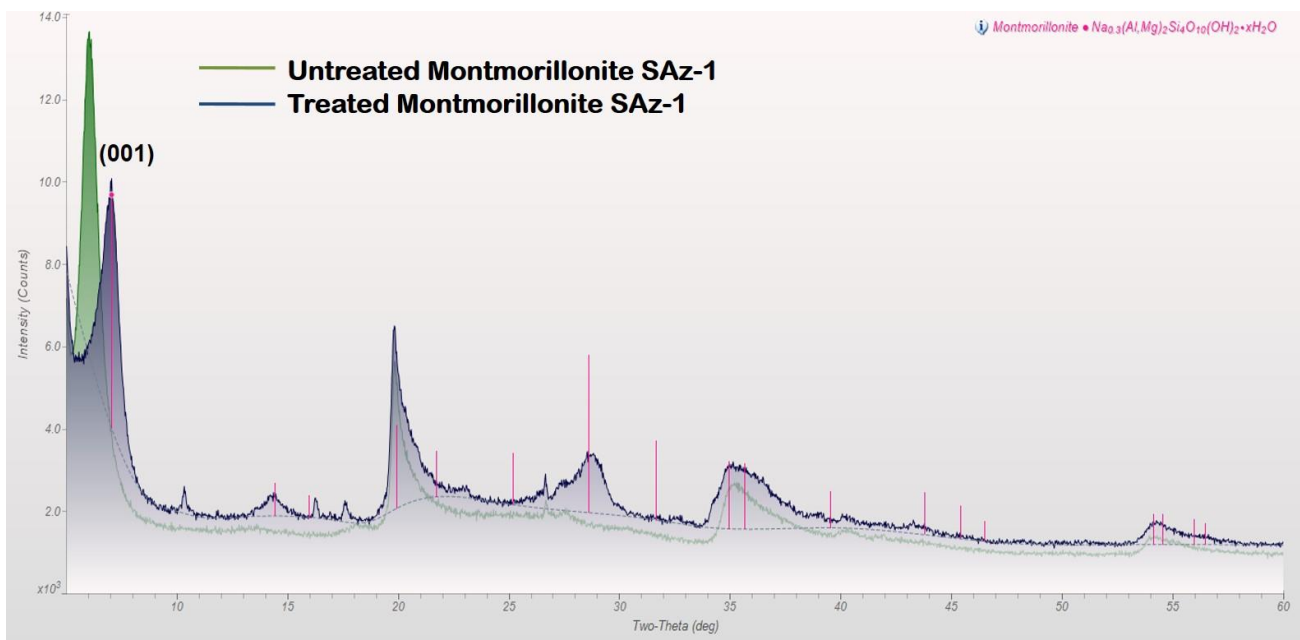
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Teresa Fornaro

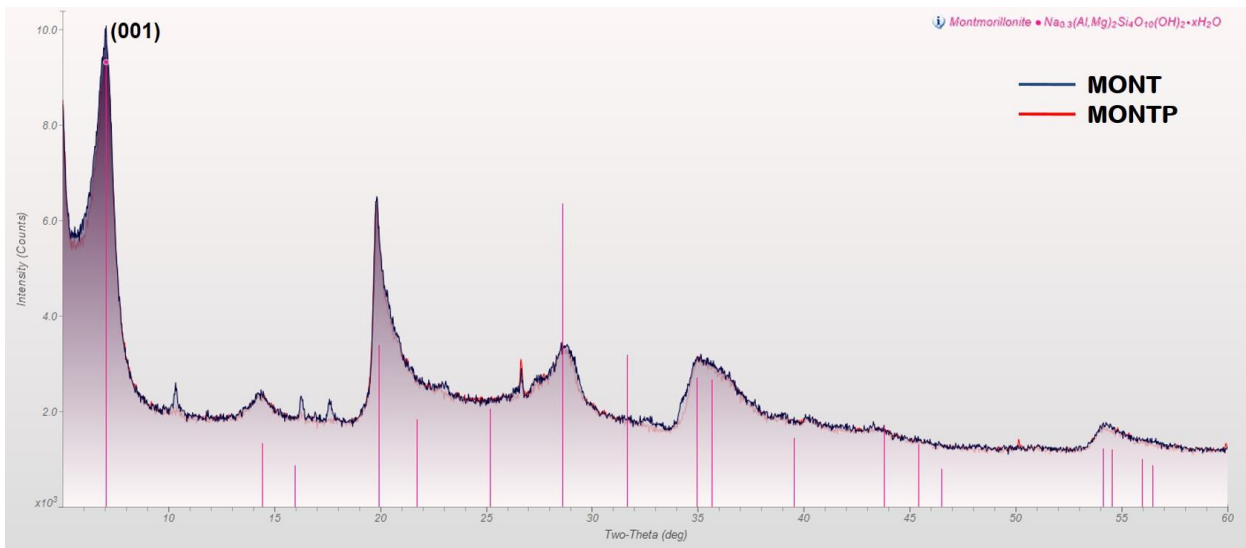
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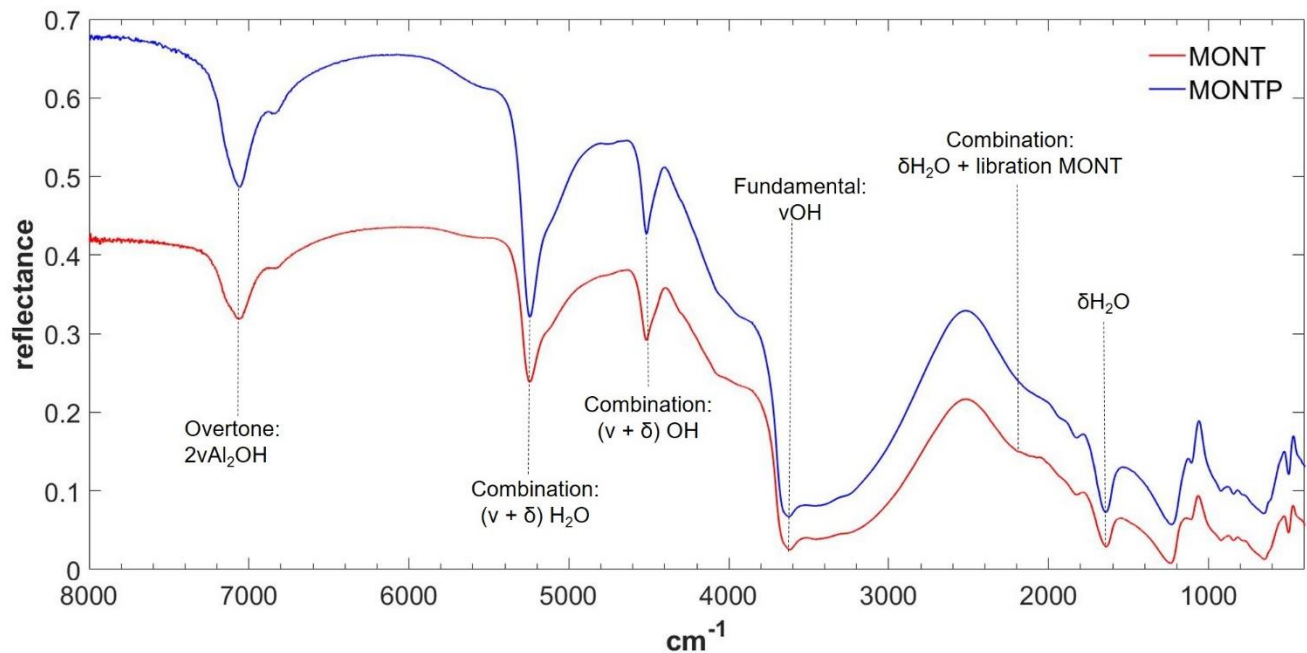
**Supplementary Figure 1.** XRD pattern of untreated montmorillonite.



**Supplementary Figure 2.** XRD pattern of untreated montmorillonite, compared with XRD pattern of montmorillonite treated to remove organic contamination.

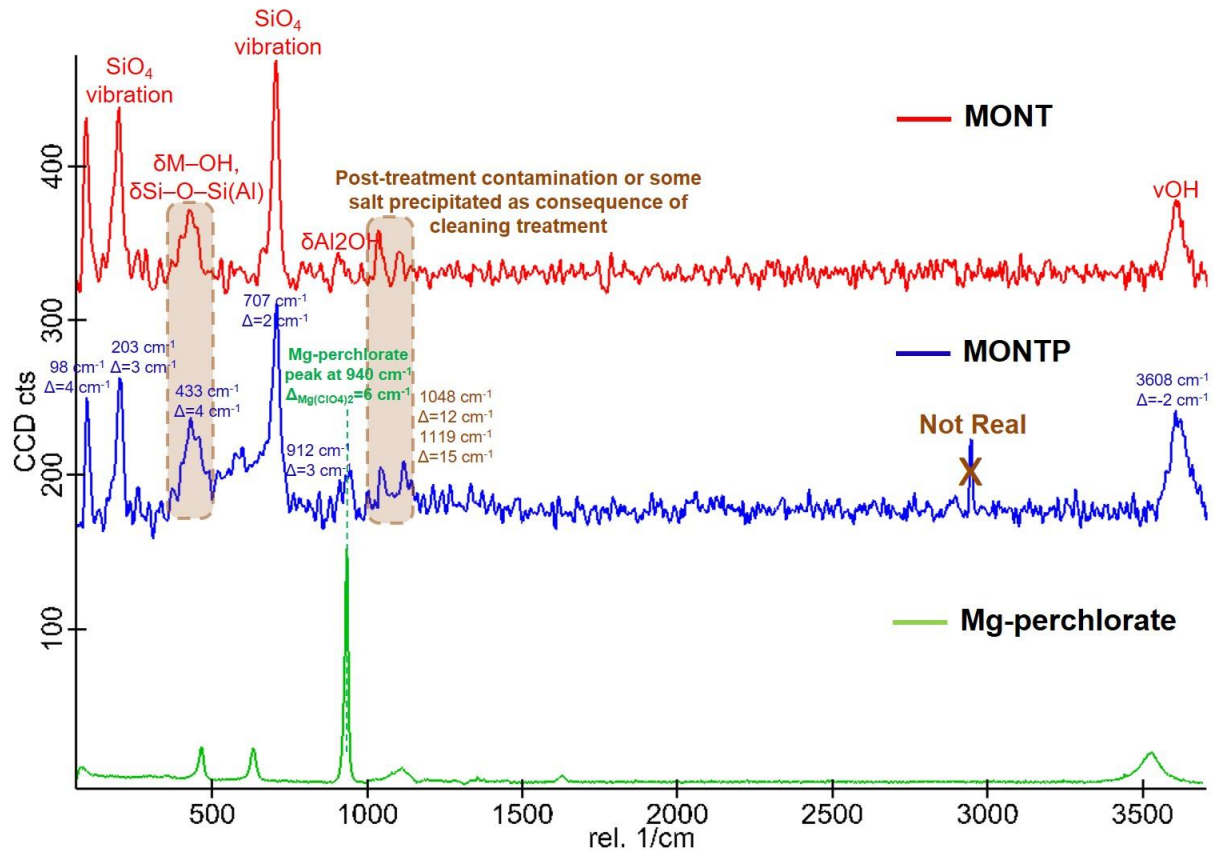


**Supplementary Figure 3.** XRD patterns of montmorillonite (MONT) and montmorillonite doped with 1 wt% magnesium perchlorate (MONTTP).

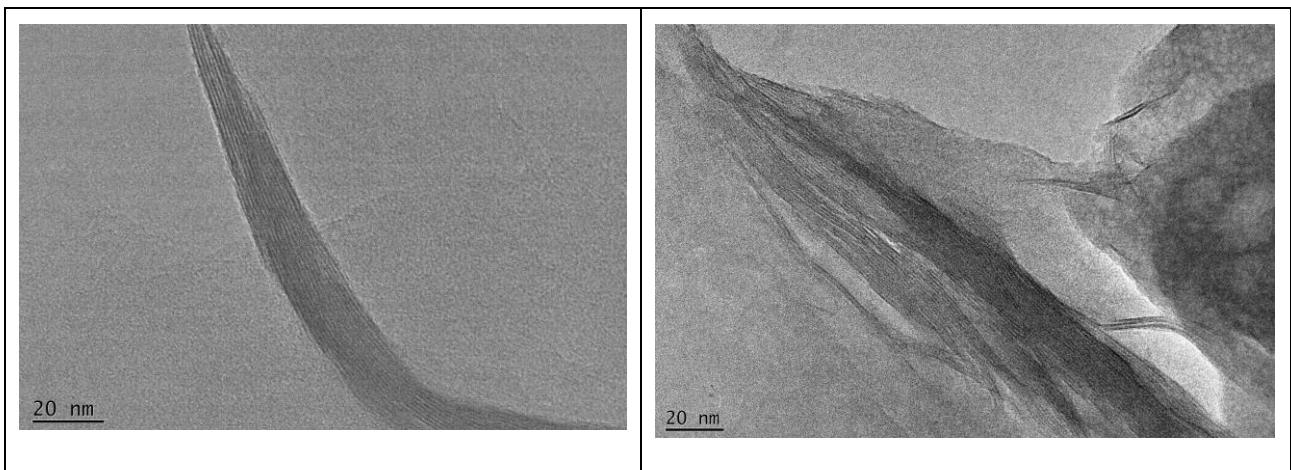


**Supplementary Figure 4.** IR characterization of montmorillonite (MONT) and montmorillonite

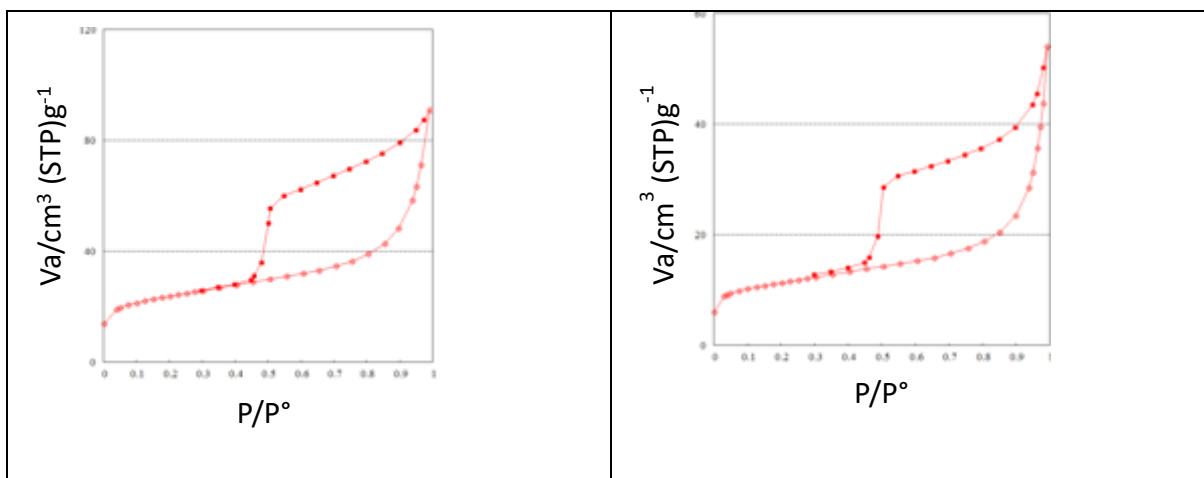
doped with 1 wt% magnesium perchlorate (MONTTP). Assignments are based on Refs. (BISHOP et al., 2002; Madejová et al., 2006; Madejová, 2003).



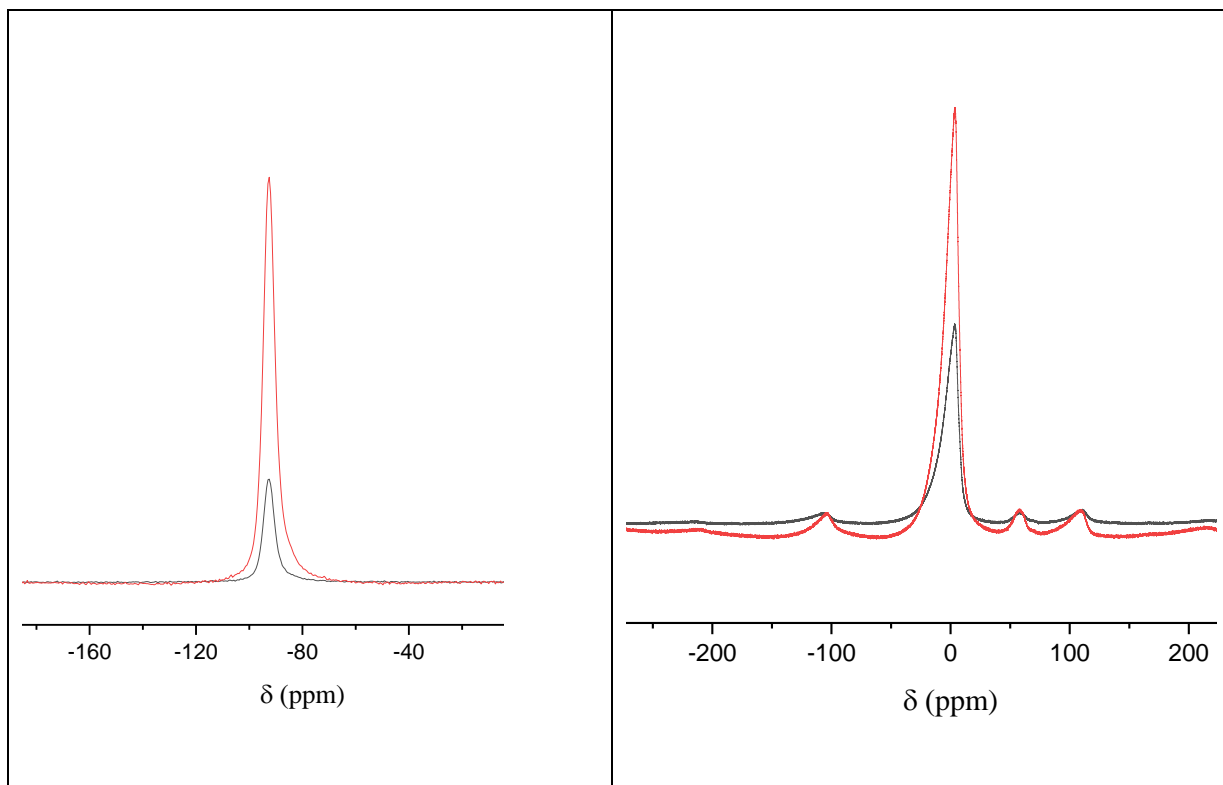
**Supplementary Figure 5.** Raman characterization of montmorillonite (MONT) and montmorillonite doped with 1 wt% magnesium perchlorate (MONTTP).



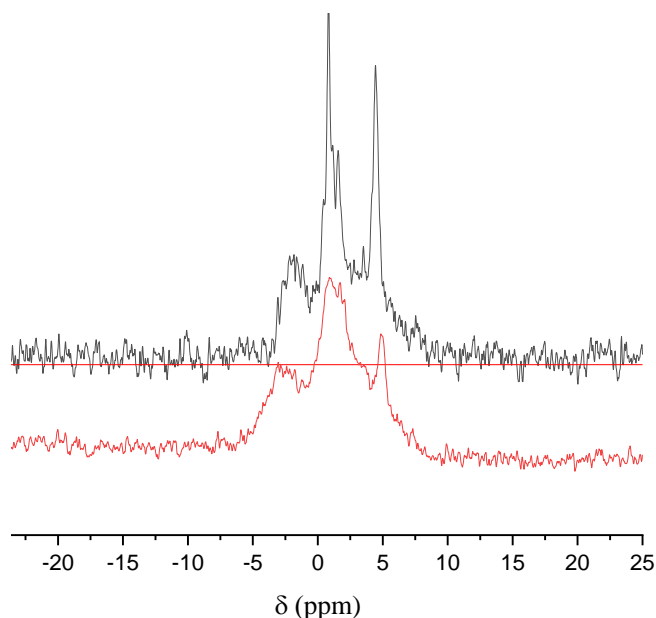
**Supplementary Figure 6.** TEM micrograph of montmorillonite doped with 1 wt% magnesium perchlorate (MONTP) on the right, and montmorillonite (MONT) on the left.



**Supplementary Figure 7.** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption isotherms for montmorillonite doped with 1 wt% magnesium perchlorate (MONTP) on the right, and montmorillonite (MONT) on the left.



**Supplementary Figure 8.** On the right, NMR spectra of <sup>27</sup>Al MAS NMR of MONT (red) and MONTP (black); on the left, <sup>29</sup>Si HP-DEC of MONT (red) and MONTP (black).



**Supplementary Figure 9.**  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectra of MONT (red) and MONTP (black).

**Supplementary Table 1.** Tentative assignment of experimental NIR bands of pure molecules in the solid state based on comparison with vibrational wavenumbers and intensities calculated at anharmonic level using GVPT2 method and B3LYP-D3/SNSD level of theory. Band position is taken from maximum of the peak, obtained by convolution of all single fundamental and non-fundamental transitions with the Lorentzian function of the half-width at half maxima of  $10\text{ cm}^{-1}$ , and intensity is calculated as sum of all contributions in the peak zone.

Mode (n)	E (harm)	E (anharm)	I (harm)	I (anharm)	Band position	Band intensity	Assignment	$\tilde{\nu}$	I
AMP GVPT2 B3LYP-D3/SNSD								AMP solid state exp.	
7(2)	6508	6097		0.3			Overtone: $2\nu_{\text{C}_8\text{H}}$	6150	m
48(1)+1(1)	4893	4629		2.5	4629	3.5	Combination: $\nu_{\text{OH}_{\text{phosp}}} + \delta_{\text{OH}_{\text{phosp}}}$		
42(1)+4(1)	4792	4521		1.5	4522	4.0	Combination: $\nu_{\text{OH}_{\text{phosp}}} + \delta_{\text{OH}_{\text{phosp}}}$	4640	ms
53(1)+2(1)	4746	4524		1.7			Combination: $\nu_{\text{asymNH}_2} + \delta_{\text{C}_8\text{H}}, \delta_{\text{rockNH}_2}$		
10(1)	3089	2957	6.9	16.8	2956	30.8	Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{asymCH}}$	2945	m
11(1)	3052	2935	23.7	8.6	2934	12.1	Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{symCH}_2}$	2916	mw
12(1)	3036	2907	26.7	47.1			Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{CH}}$	2895	w
13(1)	3020	2891	37.6	12.0	2887	66.9	Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{symCH}}$	2883	w
GLU GVPT2 B3LYP-D3/SNSD								GLU solid state exp.	

2(2)	7154	6711		0.8				Overtone: $2\nu_{\text{asym}}\text{NH}_2$	6708	m
12(1)+2(1)	5235	4962		2.0				Combination: $\delta_{\text{sciss}}\text{NH}_2+\nu_{\text{asym}}\text{NH}_2$	5100	vs
5(1)	3124	2992	10.0	9.4				Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{asym}}\text{CH}_2$	2972	m
6(1)	3107	2972	4.1	6.4	2978	22.11		Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{asym}}\text{CH}_2$		
7(1)	3068	2939	9.5	7.9				Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{sym}}\text{CH}_2$		
8(1)	3052	2926	9.5	12.2	2930	26.4		Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{sym}}\text{CH}_2,$ CH	2937	mw
9(1)	3036	2911	9.8	2.6				Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{sym}}\text{CH}_2,\text{CH}$		
14(2)	2962	2865		2.4				Overtone: $2\delta_{\text{sciss}}\text{CH}_2$		
14(1)+13(1)	2971	2860		3.3	2863.00	5.7		Combination: $\delta_{\text{sciss}}\text{CH}_2+\delta_{\text{sciss}}\text{CH}_2$	2860	mw
PHE GVPT2 B3LYP-D3/SNSD								PHE solid state exp.		
4(2)	6389	6003		1.3				Overtone: $2\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	5960	vs
14(1)+5(1)	4834	4681		0.1	4693	0.40		Combination: $\nu$ ring+ $\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	4671	s
15(1)+5(1)	4811	4644		0.1	4639	0.9		Combination: $\nu$ ring+ $\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	4637	vs c
15(1)+8(1)	4785	4616		0.4	4616	0.4		Combination: $\nu$ ring+ $\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	4581	s
35(1)+6(1)	4191	4048		0.7	4045	44.0		Combination: ring def + $\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	4045	s
6(1)	3175	3080	6.8	0.5	3090	31.64		Fundamental: $\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	3120	s b
7(1)	3165	3054	0.9	13.9				Fundamental: $\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	3049	vvw wb
5(1)	3183	3039	24.8	17.2				Fundamental: $\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	3011	vvw wb
9(1)	3098	2963	12.7	11.2				Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{asym}}\text{CH}_2$	2970	m wb
10(1)	3078	2944	6.9	19.2	2969	30.5		Fundamental: $\nu\text{CH}$		
11(1)	3042	2860	15.3	7.4				Fundamental: $\nu_{\text{sym}}\text{CH}_2$	2874	w wb
19(2)	2833	2758		0.3	2756	1.15		Overtone: $\delta\text{CH}$	2748	m wb
PHA GVPT2 B3LYP-D3/SNSD								PHA solid state exp.		
6(2)	6359	5993		1.5		2.35		Overtone: $\nu\text{CH}$	6158	m
4(2)	6414	6070		0.1	6070	1.6		Overtone: $\nu\text{CH}$	6050	vs
9(1)+6(1)	4821	4636		0.3	4645	0.8		Combination: $\nu$ ring + $\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	4679	vs
11(1)+3(1)	4737	4566		0.04				Combination: $\delta\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}+\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	4585	ms
18(1)+6(1)	4389	4205		0.2	4190	0.4		Combination: $\delta\text{OH}+\nu\text{CH}_{\text{aromatic}}$	4222	m
35(1)+2(1)	4353	4144		0.4	4130	4.084		Combination: $\delta\text{OH}+\nu\text{OH}$	4156	vs
41(1)+2(1)	4096	3905		0.06	3902	0.14		Combination: $\tau$ molecule + $\nu\text{OH}$	3910	s
5(1)	3194	3063	7.3	9.4	3060	19.5		Fundamental: $\nu\text{CH}$	3088	s
14(1)+9(1)	3008	2934		0.5	2933	1.2		Combination: $\delta\text{OH} + \nu$ ring	2905	m
13(1)+1(1)	2897	2820		0.2	2820	0.6		Combination: $\delta\text{OH} + \nu\text{OH}$	2814	m

Legend:  $\tilde{\nu}$  = wavenumber in  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; E = Energy; harm = harmonic; anharm = anharmonic; I = Intensity of the band; phosp = phosphate group;  $\nu$  = stretching vibrational mode;  $\delta$  = bending vibrational mode;  $\tau$  = torsional vibrational mode; def = deformation vibrational mode; sciss = scissoring in-plane vibrational mode; wagg = wagging out-of-plane vibrational mode; s = strong band; m = medium band; w = weak band; vw = very weak band; vvw = extremely weak band; c = convolution of peaks; b = broad band; wb = within broad band.