

1 Article

2 Communication with self-growing character to 3 develop physically growing robot toy agent

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26 **Featured Application: Synthetic character implemented to physically self-growing robot can be**
27 **utilized as a teacher assistant for childhood education with its sympathetic communication.**

28 **Abstract:** Robots for communication are developed extensively with emphasis on sympathy. This
29 study deals with the growth of character and the control of its operation accordingly. The child has
30 time to be alone with the nature of his/her robot friend. The child can interact with other people's
31 emotional expressions through a robot. Step by step, the robot character will grow as the child
32 grows. Through design studies, qualitative processes such as {customer experience audit, eye
33 tracking, mental model diagrams, semantic differences} have been executed for the results. The
34 participatory behavior research approach through user travel is mapped from the user's lead to the
35 evidence-based design. This research considers how the synthetic characteristics can be applied to
36 the physical growth of robot toys through the product design process. With the development of
37 robot toy "Buddy", we tried making two variations on the robot to achieve recognizable growth. (1)
38 An one-dimensional height scaling and (2) facial expression including the distance between two
39 eyes on the screen. Observations represented children's reactions when "Buddy" was released to
40 with the children. As an independent synthetic character, the robot was recognized by children
41 who had the designed function. Robots for training may require more experimentation.

42

43 **Keywords:** motivation; children; learning; entertainment robot; interaction; synthetic character
44

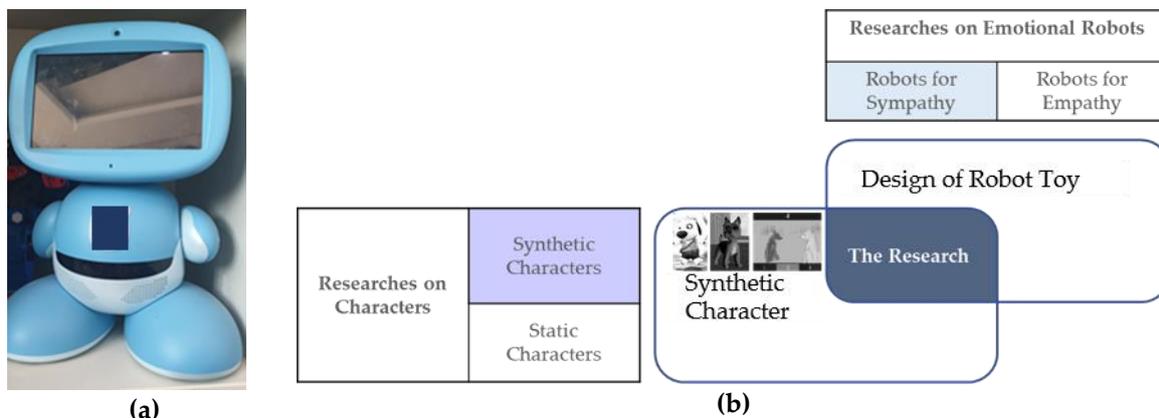
45 **1. Introduction**

46 In recent years, most of robot research has been devoted to the replacement work by the robot.
 47 On the other side, few have investigated the simulation of communication between human and
 48 robot. Children are more likely to engage in interaction with robots because they perceive robots
 49 more positively and more life-like.[1,2] Furthermore, robot design based on user research of
 50 personal service robot has become an important research issue.[2] The introduction should briefly
 51 place the study in a broad context and highlight why robot design for children is important. The
 52 introduction should briefly place the study in a broad context and highlight why it is important.

53 As "learning with character" or "learning with RT", a study of "PaPeRo" applied to
 54 edutainment[3] and AIBO applied as a dog friend that tells storybooks of children like story-telling
 55 robot[4]. So far, research on educational robots has focused on children's reactions and learning
 56 effects when applied to educational environments.[5]

57 However, in order to utilize the robot into the education field, it is not limited to simply
 58 introducing the robot to the education. It is necessary to apply various existing pedagogical theories
 59 to the interaction design of the educational robot and verify it against the children. Research on
 60 educational robots increase the focus, interest, and achievement of children's learning in comparison
 61 to other traditional media[7]. Thus teacher assistant role, suggesting that relationship as medium for
 62 inducing learning motivation of children is more important than educational contents delivery.

63 Children often get tired of toys they play with when they are younger. As the children grow up,
 64 they want to have new toys for their age. Unlike nature, which changes with the passage of time,
 65 dolls and existing robot toys retain their original appearance. Even when dealing with toys or
 66 serious games that have specific functions, children find another matters to play when they are
 67 consumed for a certain amount of time.
 68



69 **Figure 1.** Synthetic character & Robot: (a) Robot toy abandoned; (b) target area/scope of the research

70 The purpose of this research is motivating children in learning with the synthetic character as a
 71 matter of entertainment robot. In this paper, we design a teacher - assisted robot interaction system
 72 that can maximize empathy to operate a teacher - assisted robot that can induce children 's learning
 73 motivation and reduce the novelty effect. Based on the "Buddy" robot developed by the same
 74 researchers, the research on the character of the growing robot character and the empathic interview
 75 are used to verify that the robot can be used as an object of empathy that can serve as a teacher
 76 assistant[7] role.

77 **2. Synthetic Character**

78 Every developed robot has its own character. ex) Synthetic character is an creature that
 79 artificially have its own motivation, which can make real-time interaction with human.[5,7]

80 *2.1. Former Researches on synthetic character*

81 2.1.1. Synthetic character resembled with animal (around year 2000)

82 According to the synthetic character group in MIT Media Lab, synthetic character[6]
83 approaches:

- 84 • “Everyday common sense”
- 85 • “The ability to learn”
- 86 • “The sense of empathy”

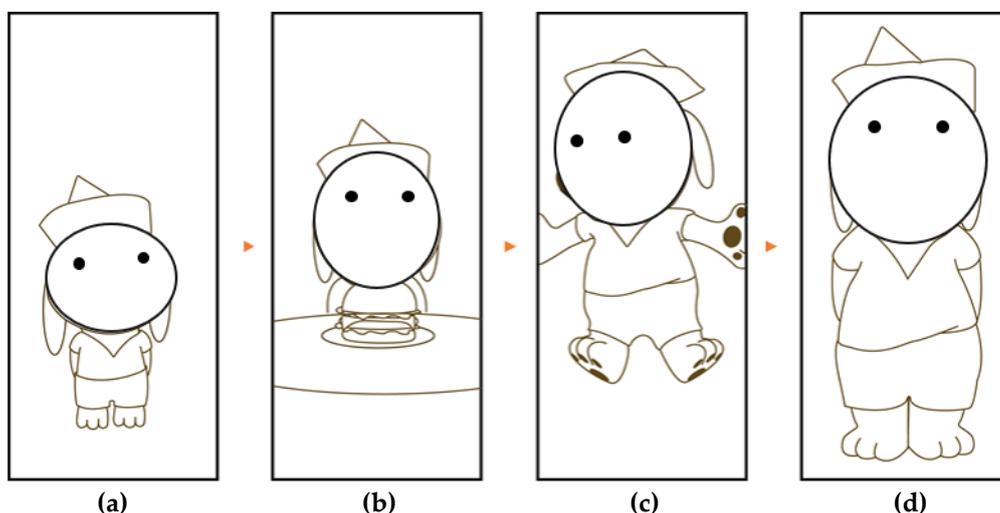
87
88 Integrated approach that implements adaptive and expressive virtual characters appeared in
89 archive projects for synthetic animals characters such as dogs. Its result created characters that seem
90 to have their minds in the context of the behavior - for example, multifaceted approach to designing
91 systems that mimic biological systems as clues and design principles have used. [8,9]
92

93 2.1.2. Synthetic character in the real-world application

94 According to the synthetic character research of Rodrigues et al.(2009)[10], there are two
95 common related concepts:

- 96 • Empathy
- 97 • Sympathy

98
99 Motivation from synthetic character was introduced from education industries. Plenty of user
100 researches are ongoing while many companies are producing a lot of toys, dolls, computer games,
101 and mobile applications associated with the use of synthetic character available to motivate users
102 work, study and train objectives. [14] Especially for children, eating / sleeping habits were triggered
103 to be modified with the help of synthetic character in various media like TV, book, game, and so on.
104 For example, a variety animals in storybook is implemented to the mobile game with synthetic
105 character growing by input of good habits.



106 **Figure 2.** Growth level of the synthetic character in the mobile game be listed as: (a) Level.1 Infant;
107 (b) Level.15 Elementary school student (c) Level.30 Teenager (d) Level. 40 Adult in animals such as
108 dogs – grow according to the experience of food, bath, trip, and so forth from the mobile game. [11]

109 On the other hand, synthetic character is able to decide its own behavior upon its own
110 internal/external information by itself within interactive learning approaches.[12] Unsupervised facial
111 expression is available in front of a child with input from children. In this project, we decided the
112 synthetic character by physical growth and facial expression in its own design.
113

114 2.2. Design Process of Robot Character in Application with Robot “Buddy”

115 “Buddy” began with the need for a dynamic playground, enabling emotional interchange so
 116 that it can play with the child. This background starts with the child’s lack of peer experience which
 117 is critical for his/her development. It was introduced in context of half of babies are facing the lack
 118 because their parents are too exhausted from working or childcare in South Korea.[13] For lonely
 119 children and exhausted parents, an interactive robot toy “Buddy” was designed to become a friend
 120 of babies/infants. Requirements and needs for the robot toy can be extracted from a series of design
 121 processes.

122 2.2.1. Dairy studies for collecting user insight

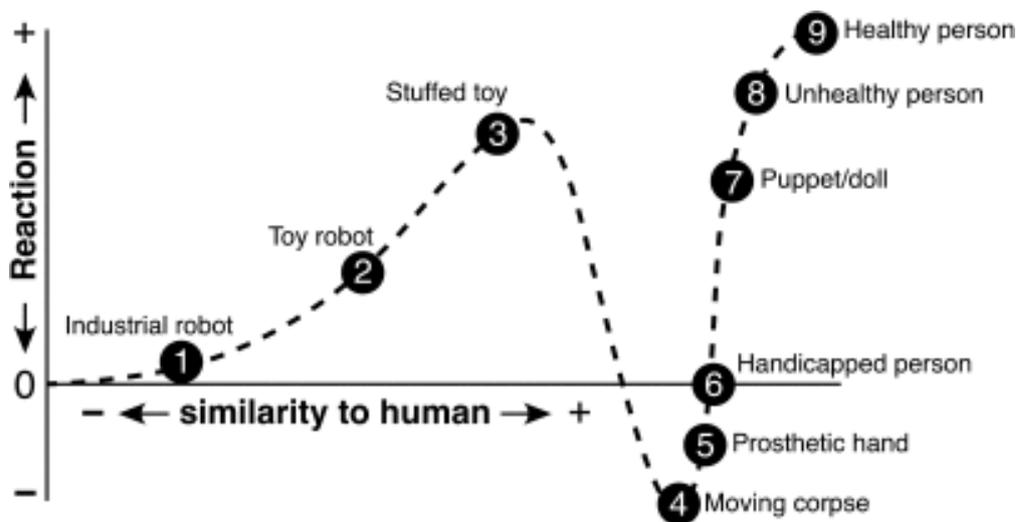
123 Diary studies are useful tools in exploratory research, preparing the designer for further
 124 research by contributing to an understanding of participant user groups.[14] Unlike traditional diary
 125 studies with paper and pen, digital photos uploaded on provided sites like facebook, instagram was
 126 main material in this study:

- 127 • Facebook post: message with photo
- 128 • Instagram post: digital photo with description

129 In the context of the burden of care, photos uploaded to the parents’ site represent a special
 130 memory that parents and children can’t frequently use. The specification of the robot toy includes
 131 the additional function of memory to remember the situation of specific events. As a result, the
 132 appearance of the robot toy is human-like and it communicates with the child as one’s friend and
 133 teacher assistant.

134 2.2.2. Goal of design: position behind the uncanny valley

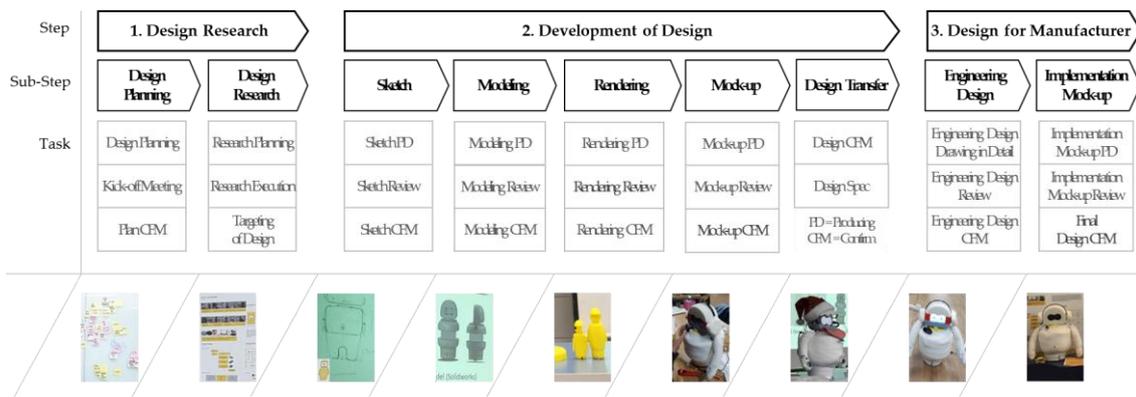
135 According to the following qualitative studies, target robot toy decided its position behind
 136 uncanny valley.[15,16] Humanoid robot. For example, BeatBo works as dancing robot toy for baby
 137 which has features of dancing with moving, learning with games, and customized sing-along gross
 138 motor.[17] The requirement for robot toy might be a humanoid robot which plays accordingly like
 139 stuffed animal in front of babies.



140 Figure 3. Realism of Robot[16], behind uncanny valley. [15]

141

142 2.2.3. Total Design Process: From Design Research to Development and Implementation



143 **Figure 4.** Total design process of physically growing robot “Buddy”

144

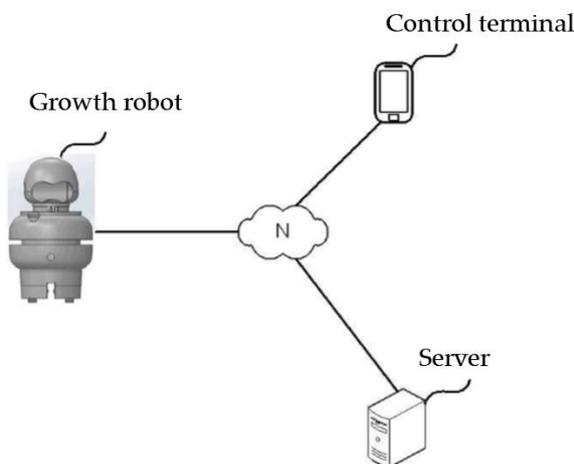
145 **3. Results**

146 In this research, we apply growth system applied to character to human - robot interaction to
 147 observe children 's recognition and reaction to robot. This section deals with the growing robot
 148 device and method for controlling operation thereof.

149 3.1. Design Result: Function of Communication

150 3.1.1. Data network of the robot toy

151 Describing from the operation module, the control terminal is an information processing
 152 apparatus, and can be connected to a server 30 at a remote location via a network or directly to
 153 another terminal via direct or other information processing apparatuses. The control terminal can be
 154 provided with a client program for controlling the growth robot apparatus and can control the
 155 setting of the growth robot apparatus through the installed client program. The growth robot
 156 apparatus can communicate with the control terminal via the network. The control terminal 20 can
 157 be connected to the remote server 30 through the network N or to the other terminal and the server
 158 30. Robot system is networked with control terminal for controlling the growth robot and outside
 159 server as shown on Fig.1.

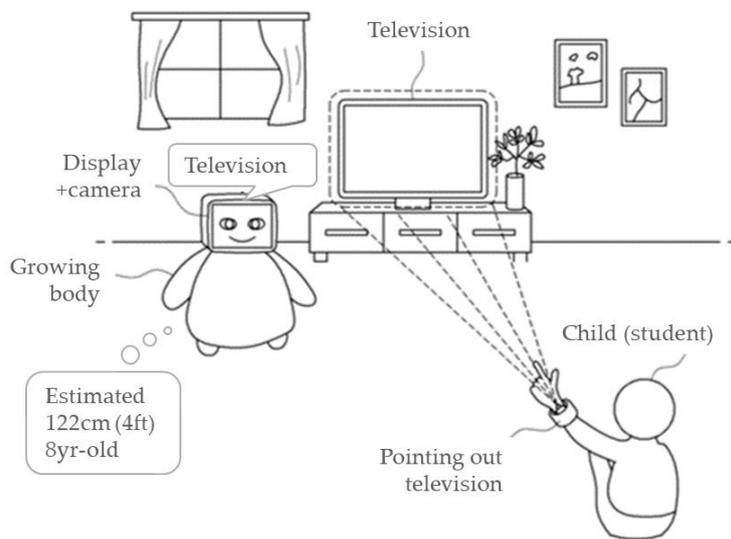


160 **Figure 5.** Network linked among growth robot, the control terminal, and the server.

161 3.1.2. Communication between robot and child

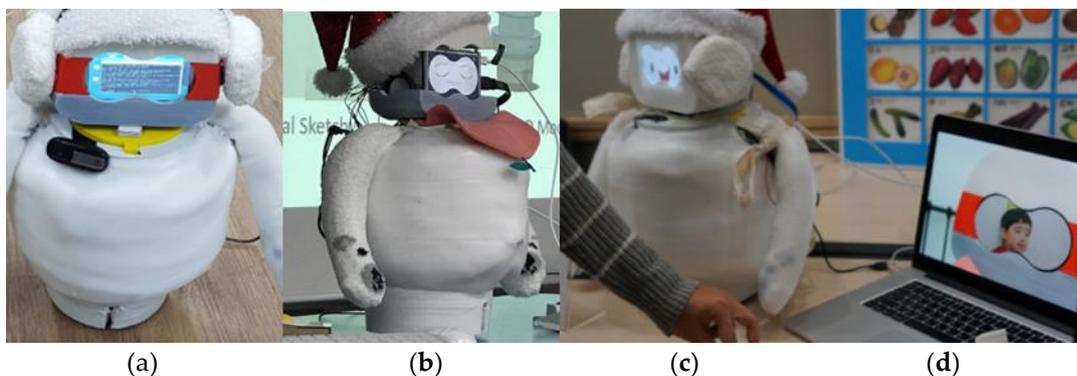
162 Hereinafter, each component provided in the growth robot apparatus will be described in more
 163 detail. The camera provided in the growth robot apparatus senses an object located in the vicinity
 164 and photographs a person in front of the person so as to identify a facial expression of a person. The
 165 camera may include a plurality of cameras as needed. The camera can measure light intensity, such
 166 as light intensity (day, night, light, dark, etc.).

167 For example, the control terminal can control the software of the growth robot apparatus to be
 168 changed according to the customized character and physical growth level of a person interacting
 169 with the growth robot apparatus, It can be installed via download, or it can be updated voluntarily.
 170 For instance, the growth robot apparatus can photograph a person with a camera equipped therein
 171 and can store photographed pictures or moving pictures. Then the growth robot apparatus can
 172 provide the stored photographs or moving images to the control terminal or output it through a
 173 screen outside, and a child user can interact with pointing out the product on screen.



174 **Figure 6.** Design draft version: use of equipped camera to recognize both: 1) user height and 2) user
 175 position including the direction of user and the distance between robot apparatus and the user.
 176

177 For another example, the control terminal can receive a height of a person from camera or
 178 picture of a standing person. It is able to control the hardware of the growth robot apparatus to be
 179 changed in accordance with the input of person's height. The growth robot apparatus may be
 180 divided into a head part, a body part and a leg part.
 181



182 **Figure 7.** Facial expression control on the LCD of robot head: (a) Console window; (b) Draft facial
 183 (c) Smile facial (d) Imagination of special memory mode that parents and children can frequently load.
 184

185 The head part of the growth robot apparatus is provided with a screen for displaying the facial
 186 expression change of the growth robot apparatus. The liquid crystal display attached on the front
 187 part of the robot apparatus displays its facial expression as well as output image for the user from
 188 the processing signal of robot as the face screen. For example, the LCD can be controlled by a single
 189 LCD control signal. A variety of reaction images can be generated internally from the robot. Control
 190 process image processor allows images input through a camera, and a facial expression to be
 191 displayed on the screen as output. With the additional ultrasonic kit assembly of sensors for sensing
 192 multiple obstacles, robot can detect a person or a product located in the vicinity of the robot
 193 apparatus. It can also detect distance to a person from the difference of distances from all available
 194 ultrasonic sensors. When a child ask a question, the robot apparatus will recognize the person and
 195 the distance with the person simultaneously with preparing the answer.

196 3.2. Design Result: Function of Self-Growing

197 3.2.1. Growth robot implementation

198 The growth robot apparatus can perform hardware growth in which the height of the growth
 199 robot apparatus is changed according to the change of the key of the interacting person. That is, the
 200 growth robot apparatus can change the length of the body portion of the growth robot apparatus
 201 according to the height of the person obtained from the control terminal. For example, the growing
 202 robot apparatus can acquire the current person's key from the control terminal 20, and is provided in
 203 the body portion of the growth robot apparatus so as to have a key similar to the acquired person's
 204 key The length of the body part can be changed by increasing or decreasing the tube as a lifting
 205 device. In its appearance, growth robot's skin is covered with a stretchable material(Dragon skin 10)
 206 according to the change of body height.

207 The growth robot apparatus can grow in response to a change in the physical growth level and
 208 height of the interacting person, and the growth robot apparatus can perform both software growth
 209 and hardware growth. For hardware growth, there is an exemplary view showing a lifting device
 210 provided in a body portion of the growth robot apparatus. The lifting device of the growth robot
 211 apparatus may have a structure capable of varying the length, and the corrugated tube system
 212 appears like larva skin. Growth signal is implemented with wrinkled tube system including scissor
 213 jack inside as shown on Fig.2.

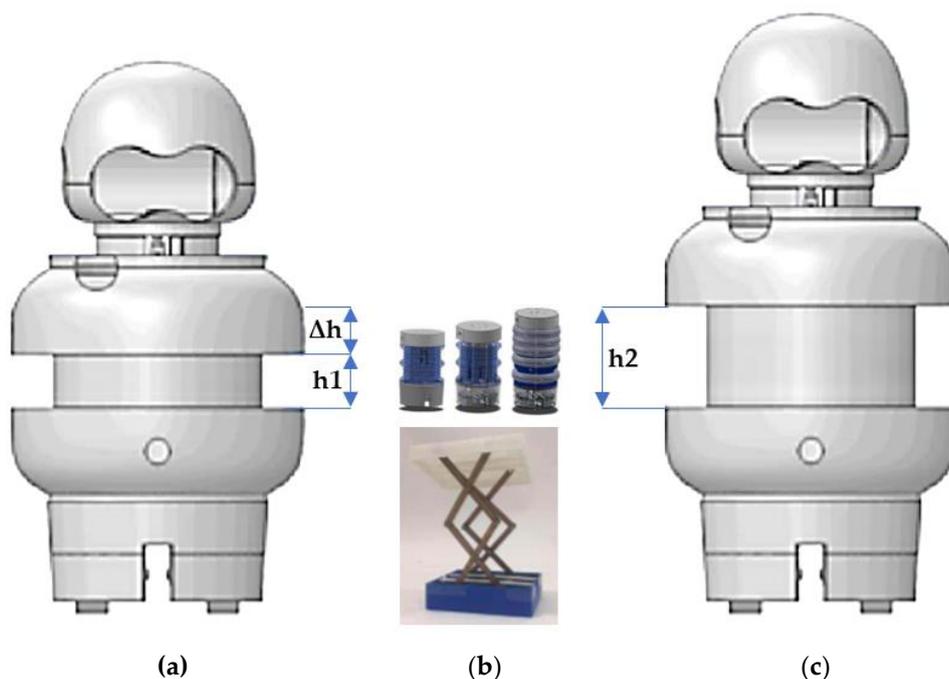


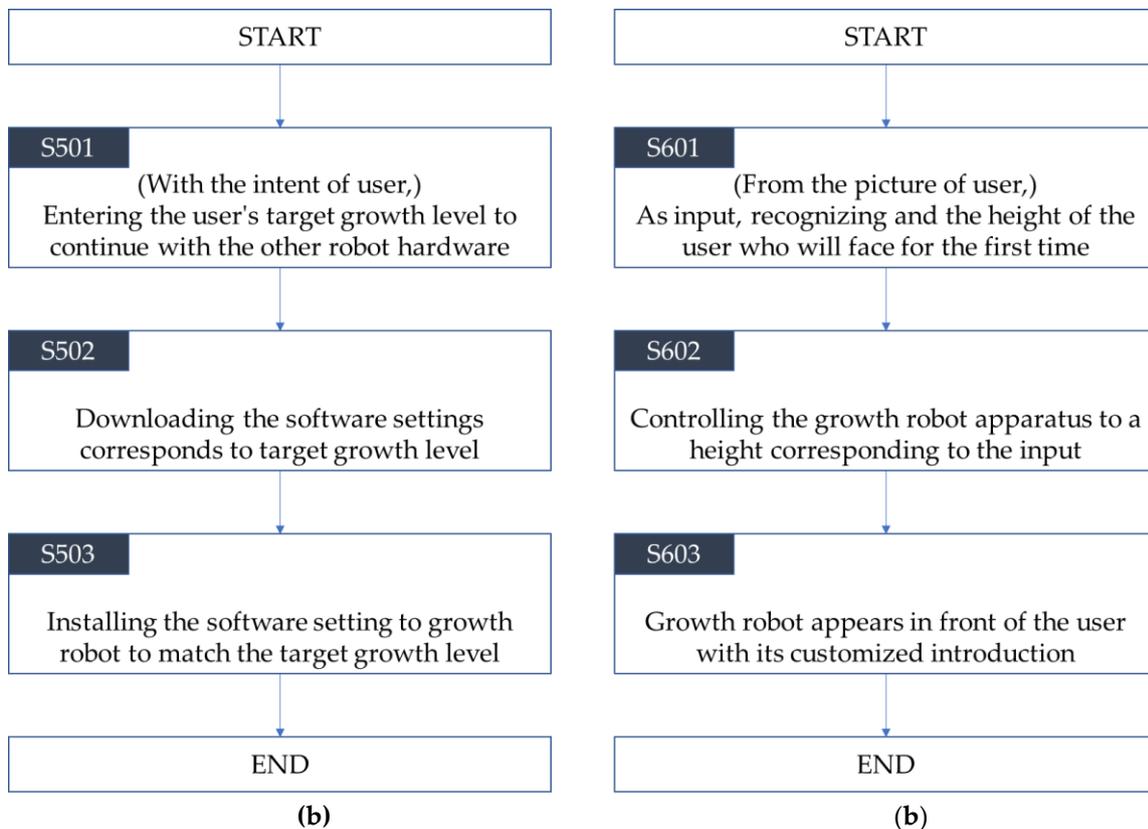
Figure 8. Robot growth implementation: (a) Height from h_1 and intent of extension of Δh

- 215 (b) implementation of Δh with wrinkled tube including scissor jack structured inside and
- 216 (c) after the physical growth of Δh up to h_2

217
218 3.2.2. Growth robot operation

219 The body portion is coupled with the lower end of the head portion, and the length of the body
220 portion is varied in the vertical direction so that the height of the growth robot apparatus is
221 changed. To this end, the body portion can be separated into an upper end portion and a lower end
222 portion, and a lifting device having a variable length is provided between the upper end portion
223 and the lower end portion. As the length of the lifting device is changed, the length between the
224 upper end portion and the lower end portion of the body portion is changed, so that the height of
225 the growth robot apparatus.

226 Also, the leg portion may be coupled with the lower end of the body portion, and at least one
227 wheel may be provided at the lower end of the leg portion, so that the wheel can be moved using
228 the wheel. On the front part, a microphone for sensing a voice of a person, and a speaker for
229 outputting a sound. A method of controlling the growth robot toys through the control terminal
230 display will be described with reference to Figs. 5(a-b). Robot is able to be settled according to the
231 user as Figure 10.

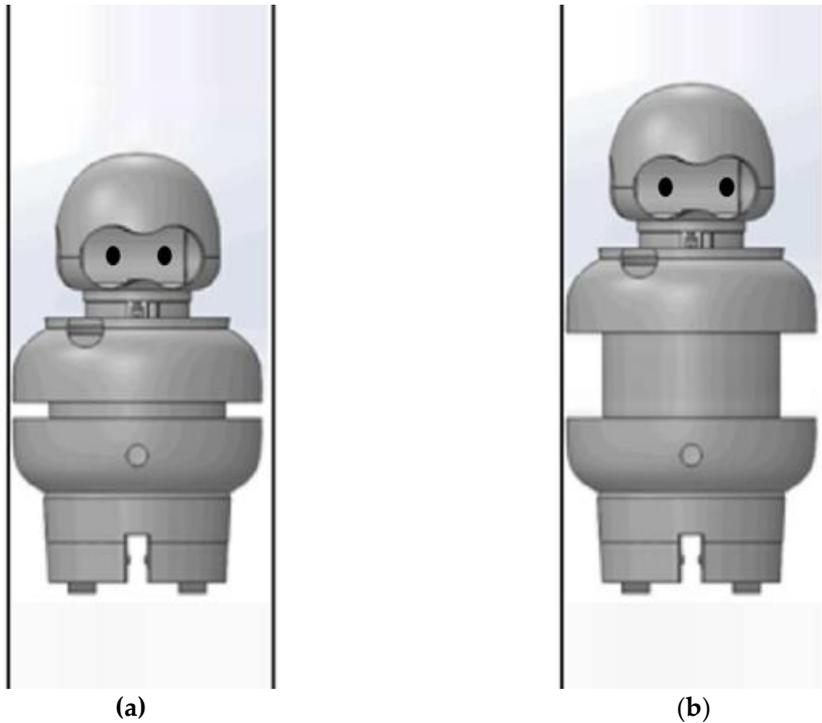


232 **Figure 1.** Robot settles: (a) S500s: donor to the target user; (b) S600: reconfigure to new user in other mode.
233 A flowchart showing a method of controlling software function of the growth robot apparatus.
234

235 Referring to the chart(a), the control terminal can receive the intelligent growth level of the
236 person interacting with the growth robot apparatus from the user (S501). Then, the control terminal
237 can search for software setting corresponding to the growth level on input, and download the
238 searched software setting (S502). The control terminal can collect information about the software
239 installed in the growth robot apparatus and determine whether or not the user is similar to the
240 growth level of the input user. At this time, when the physical growth level of the software differs
241 from that of the person, the control terminal can search the software of the growth robot apparatus
242 and request the settlement of the software corresponding to the growth level of the user. Thereafter,

243 the control terminal can control the growth robot apparatus so that the settled software can be
 244 installed in the growth robot apparatus (S503).

245 On the other side, chart(b) is a flowchart showing a method of controlling the keys of the
 246 growth robot apparatus by the control terminal. The control terminal can recognize a height of a
 247 person from the prepared picture of the user (S601). Then, the control terminal can operate the lifting
 248 apparatus provided in the growth robot apparatus to correspond to the height input (S602). Then the
 249 growth robot can introduce itself with the customized settled height in front of the user (S603).



250 **Figure 10.** Robot growth: (a) Physical appearance of robot before growth; (b) after growth.

251

252

Table 1. Degree of robot growth over age(example)..

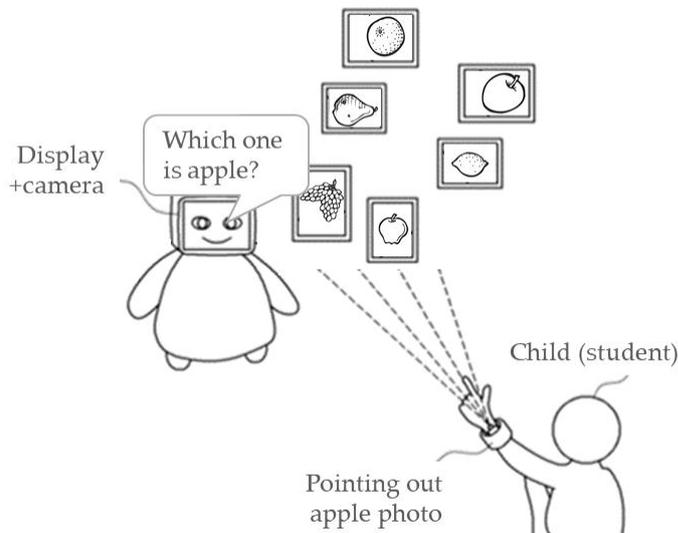
Growth over age	4month	3yr-old	8yr-old
height(cm)	65cm	95cm	122cm
height(ft)	2.13ft	3.11ft	4.00ft

253

254 The control method according to the embodiment described with reference to Figs. 10 (a,b) can
 255 also be implemented in the form of a recording medium comprising instructions executable by
 256 program modules. One-dimensional height scaling logs and output files would be stored in
 257 computer readable media can be any available one that can be accessed by a computer. This can
 258 include both volatile and nonvolatile or, both removable and non-removable ones those are
 259 implemented in any method or technology for storage of information such as computer readable
 260 instructions, data structures, program modules or other data. Communication media typically
 261 include any information delivery media including computer readable instructions, data structures,
 262 program modules, or other data in a modulated data signal such as a carrier wave or other transport
 263 mechanism.
 264

265 **4. Use Case Discussion**

266 The growth robot apparatus can ask a person a question and can detect a person's behavior on a
 267 question. That is, the growth robot apparatus can ask a person about a name of an object, recognize a
 268 person's answer to a question, and recognize a person's expression or movement through a camera.
 269 The following Figure 11 describes a situation of a growth robot apparatus with the embodiment of
 270 the present invention interacting with a child user in Figure 6.



271 **Figure 11.** Example: robot-child interaction of fruit quiz.
 272

273 5. Conclusions

274 We introduced the concept of a synthetic character applied to the robot toy. The character has a
 275 name of “Buddy” and form of humanoid robot which has physically growing function. The robot
 276 toy is able to be utilized as a teacher assistant. This robot was developed via design processes
 277 dealing with qualitative approaches which result in humanoid robot behind uncanny valley for the
 278 assistant function. To act as teacher assistant, main communication function of the robot with
 279 camera is to recognize which the user point out. Above the functionality, the robot toy also grows
 280 physically in sympathetic mind about children.

281 Further research is needed to compare the response of teacher assistant tasks by increasing the
 282 number of subjects in elementary school students in various settings. Also, it is necessary to search
 283 for appropriate stimulus method of teacher assistant task, and further analysis according to students'
 284 grades, personality, age, and so forth.

285 6. Patents

286 This research is registered in patent application: Eune, J., Lee, M., ... & Jeong, H. (2016). Growing
 287 robot device and method for controlling operation thereof. Korean patent No. 10-2016-0183090.
 288 Daejeon: Korean intellectual property office.

289 **Author Contributions:** Conceptualization, H. J. and A.P.; formal analysis, H.J.; investigation, M.L., A.P. and
 290 C.L.; methodology, A.P.; project administration, M.L. and J.E.; resources, M.L., J.K., C.L., T.S. and P.L.; software,
 291 J.K., C.L., T.S. and P.L.; supervision, S.K. and J.E.; visualization, H.J.; writing – original draft, M.L. and J.K.;
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